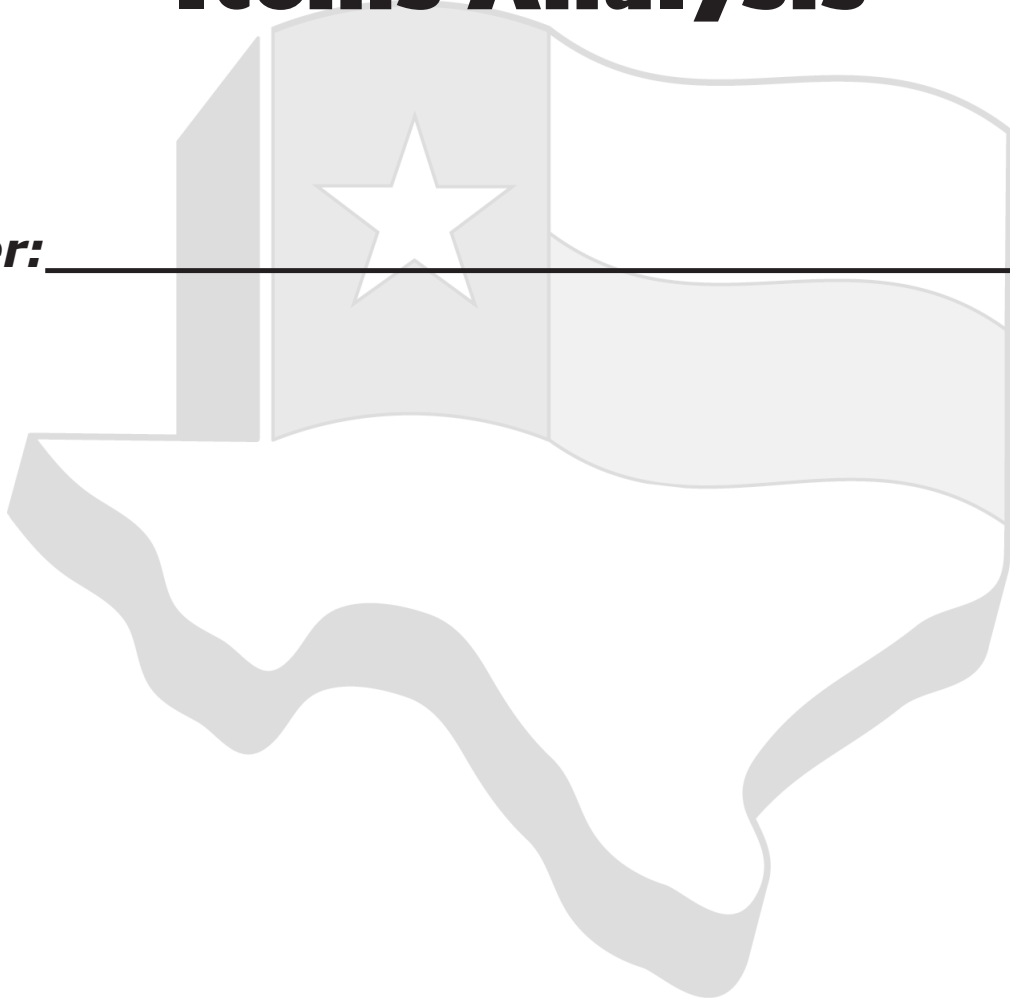


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# Third Grade Mathematics

## 2018 Released Items Analysis

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Edition I



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# 3rd Grade Mathematics

Released Items

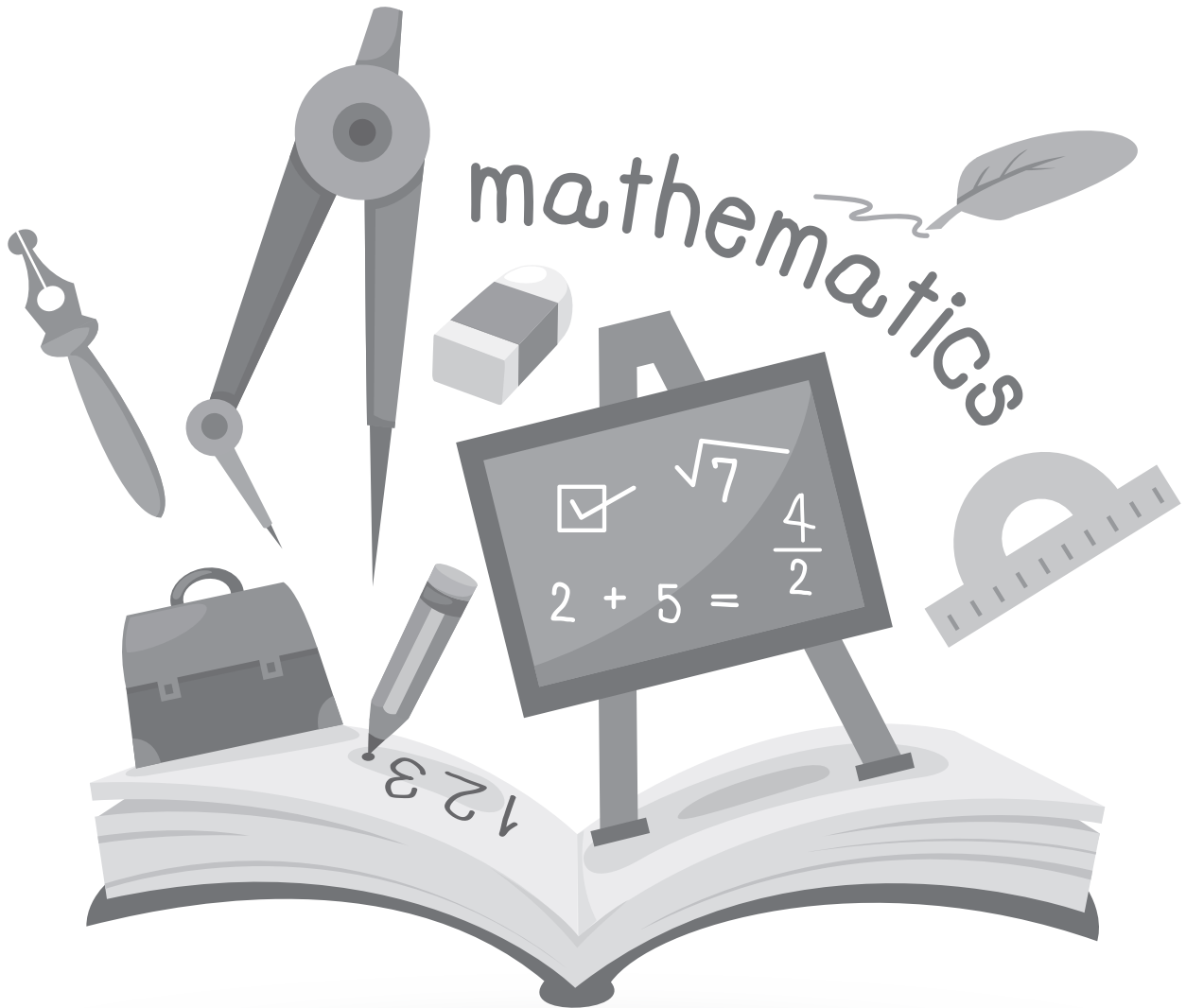
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## **Instructional Analysis** **2018 Released Test**



**TEKS 3.2A Readiness Standard**

compose and decompose numbers up to 100,000 as a sum of so many ten thousands, so many thousands, so many hundreds, so many tens, and so many ones using objects, pictorial models, and numbers, including expanded notation as appropriate

**ITEM**

**21** The expanded notation of a number is shown.

$$(9 \times 10,000) + (4 \times 100) + (1 \times 10)$$

What is the standard form of this number?

- A** 9,410
- B** 94,010
- C** 90,401
- D** 90,410

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Compose
<b>Using or Including</b>	Standard Notation
<b>Concept</b>	Numbers up to 100,000
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1B, 3.1F</b>

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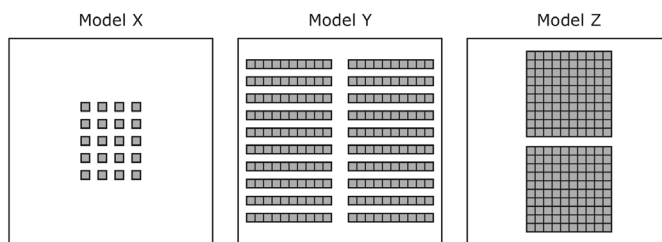
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**TEKS 3.2C Supporting Standard**

describe the mathematical relationships found in the base-10 place value system through the hundred thousands place

**ITEM**

**4** Which of these models represent the same number?



- F** Model X and Model Y, because 20 ones is equivalent to 20 tens.
- G** Model X and Model Z, because 20 ones is equivalent to 2 hundreds.
- H** Model Y and Model Z, because 20 tens in equivalent to 2 hundreds.
- J** None of these

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Describe
<b>Using or Including</b>	Mathematical Relationships
<b>Concept</b>	Base-10 place value system
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1G</b>

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**TEKS 3.2D Readiness Standard**

compare and order whole numbers up to 100,000 and represent comparisons using the symbols  $>$ ,  $<$ , or  $=$

**ITEM**

**31** The table shows the weight of four elephants.

Elephant Weights

Elephant	Weight (pounds)
R	12,345
S	13,960
T	12,509
U	11,960

Which comparison of these weights is true?

- A** The weight of Elephant R  $<$  the weight of Elephant T
- B** The weight of Elephant U  $>$  the weight of Elephant T
- C** The weight of Elephant S  $=$  the weight of Elephant U
- D** The weight of Elephant S  $<$  the weight of Elephant T

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Compare
<b>Using or Including</b>	Using Symbols
<b>Concept</b>	Whole Numbers up to 100,000
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1G</b>

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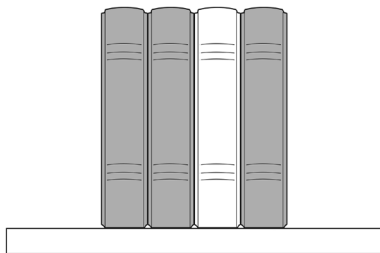
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**TEKS 3.3D Supporting Standard**

compose and decompose a fraction  $a/b$  with a numerator greater than zero and less than or equal to  $b$  as a sum of parts  $1/b$

**ITEM**

**23** There are 4 books on a shelf. In the model the shaded books represent nonfiction books.



Which expression represents the fraction of the books on the shelf that are nonfiction?

- A**  $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$
- B**  $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$
- C**  $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$
- D**  $\frac{3}{1} + \frac{3}{1} + \frac{3}{1}$

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Decompose
<b>Using or Including</b>	NA
<b>Concept</b>	Sum of Parts $1/b$
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>

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**TEKS 3.3E Supporting Standard**

solve problems involving partitioning an object or a set of objects among two or more recipients using pictorial representations of fractions with denominators of 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8

**ITEM**

**15** The picture represents the trophies 3 brothers have on a shelf. Each brother won the same number of trophies.



What fraction of the trophies did each brother win?

- A  $\frac{2}{3}$
- B  $\frac{2}{6}$
- C  $\frac{3}{6}$
- D  $\frac{3}{3}$

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Solve
<b>Using or Including</b>	Set of Objects
<b>Concept</b>	Denominators of 3 or 6
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1F</b>

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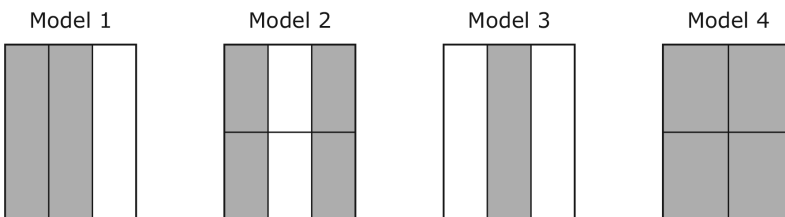
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**TEKS 3.3F Readiness Standard**

represent equivalent fractions with denominators of 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8 using a variety of objects and pictorial models, including number lines

**ITEM**

**8** Four fraction models are shown.



Which two models are shaded to show equivalent fractions?

- F Models 1 and 2
- G Models 1 and 3
- H Models 2 and 4
- J Models 2 and 3

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Represent
<b>Using or Including</b>	Pictorial Models
<b>Concept</b>	Denominators of 2, 3, 4, or 6
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1G</b>

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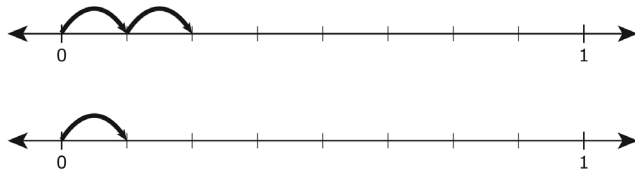
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**TEKS 3.3H Readiness Standard**

compare two fractions having the same numerator or denominator in problems by reasoning about their sizes and justifying the conclusion using symbols, words, objects, and pictorial models.

**ITEM**

**6** The number lines model two different fractions.



Which comparison of these fraction is true?

- F  $\frac{1}{2} > \frac{1}{1}$
- G  $\frac{2}{8} > \frac{1}{8}$
- H  $\frac{1}{8} = \frac{2}{8}$
- J  $\frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Compare
<b>Using or Including</b>	Pictorial Models
<b>Concept</b>	Same Denominators
<b>Process TEKS</b>	3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F

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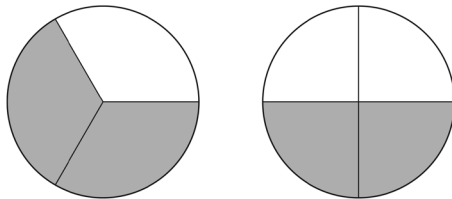
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**TEKS 3.3H Readiness Standard**

compare two fractions having the same numerator or denominator in problems by reasoning about their sizes and justifying the conclusion using symbols, words, objects, and pictorial models.

**ITEM**

**28** The models shown are the same size and are each divided into equal-size parts. The models are shaded to represents two fractions.



Which statement is true?

- F  $\frac{2}{3} > \frac{2}{4}$ , because thirds are larger than fourths.
- G  $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{4}$ , because each model has 2 parts shaded.
- H  $\frac{1}{3} < \frac{1}{4}$ , because 3 is less than 4.
- J  $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{4}$ , because each model shows 1 whole.

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Compare
<b>Using or Including</b>	Pictorial Models
<b>Concept</b>	Same Numerators
<b>Process TEKS</b>	3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1G

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**TEKS 3.4A Readiness Standard**  
solve with fluency one-step and two-step problems involving addition and subtraction within 1,000 using strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and the relationship between addition and subtraction

**ITEM**

**14** There are 297 peach trees on a farm. There are 615 peach trees on a different farm. What is the difference between the numbers of peach trees on these farms?

Record your answer and fill in the bubbles on your answer document. Be sure to use the correct place value.

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Solve
<b>Using or Including</b>	Strategies
<b>Concept</b>	Subtraction
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1F</b>

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**TEKS 3.4A Readiness Standard**  
solve with fluency one-step and two-step problems involving addition and subtraction within 1,000 using strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and the relationship between addition and subtraction

**ITEM**

**27** Elisha listed the amounts she paid for guitar lessons for three months.

- February: \$78
- March: \$90
- April: \$156

What is the amount Elisha paid for guitar lessons for these three months?

- A** \$314
- B** \$324
- C** \$114
- D** \$325

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Solve
<b>Using or Including</b>	Strategies
<b>Concept</b>	Addition
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1F</b>

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**TEKS 3.4E Supporting Standard**  
represent multiplication facts by using a variety of approaches such as repeated addition, equal-sized groups, arrays, area models, equal jumps on a number line, and skip counting

**ITEM**

**25** The model shown can represent two number sentences.



Which two number sentences can the model represent?

**A**  $3 \times 3 = \square$   
 $3 + 3 = \square$

**C**  $2 \times 3 = \square$   
 $2 \times 2 \times 2 = \square$

**B**  $3 \times 2 = \square$   
 $3 + 3 = \square$

**D**  $3 + 3 + 3 = \square$   
 $2 + 2 + 2 = \square$

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Represent
<b>Using or Including</b>	Arrays Repeated Division
<b>Concept</b>	Multiplication Fact
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>

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**TEKS 3.4F Supporting Standard**

recall facts to multiply up to 10 by 10 with automaticity and recall the corresponding division facts

**ITEM**

**5** Lin has a total of 36 sodas in packs. There are 6 soda in each pack. How many packs of soda does Lin have?

Record your answer and fill in the bubbles on your answer document. Be sure to use the correct place value.

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Recall
<b>Using or Including</b>	Automaticity
<b>Concept</b>	Division Facts
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1F</b>

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**TEKS 3.4K Readiness Standard**  
solve one-step and two-step problems involving multiplication and division within 100 using strategies based on objects; pictorial models, including arrays, area models, and equal groups; properties of operations; or recall of facts

**ITEM**  
**16** A group of 64 children and 24 adults will travel to a zoo in vans. There will be 8 people in each van.

How many vans will be needed to take the group to the zoo?

**F** 11  
**G** 80  
**H** 8  
**J** 5


Item Analysis	
<b>Verb</b>	Solve
<b>Using or Including</b>	Strategies
<b>Concept</b>	Two-step Addition and Division
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1F</b>
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**TEKS 3.5A Readiness Standard**  
represent one- and two-step problems involving addition and subtraction of whole numbers to 1,000 using pictorial models, number lines, and equations

**ITEM**  
**12** Tyrese had 572 baseball cards. He sold some of the baseball cards and then had 98 baseball cards left.

Which equation could NOT be used to find the number of baseball cards Tyrese sold?

**F**  $572 - \square = 98$   
**G**  $572 - 98 = \square$   
**H**  $98 + \square = 572$   
**J**  $98 + 572 = \square$

Item Analysis	
<b>Verb</b>	Represent
<b>Using or Including</b>	Equations
<b>Concept</b>	One-step Subtraction
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>
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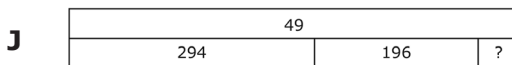
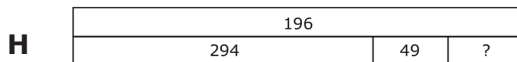
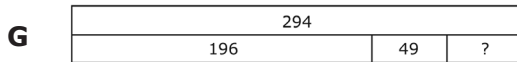
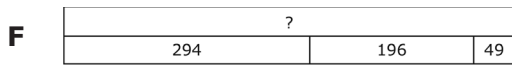
**TEKS 3.5A Readiness Standard**  
represent one- and two-step problems involving addition and subtraction of whole numbers to 1,000 using pictorial models, number lines, and equations

**ITEM**

**30** There are a total of 294 restaurants in a city.

- Of these restaurants, 196 are along the highways, and 49 are downtown.
- The rest of the restaurants are in the shopping malls.

Which model can be used to find the number of restaurants in the city are in shopping malls?



**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Represent
<b>Using or Including</b>	Strip Diagram
<b>Concept</b>	One-Step
<b>Process TEKS</b>	3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1F

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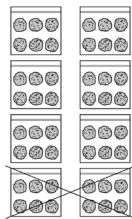


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**TEKS 3.5B Readiness Standard**  
represent and solve one- and two-step multiplication and division problems within 100 using arrays, strip diagrams, and equations

**ITEM**

**22** Noah has 48 cookies. The model represents what he did with the cookies.



Based on the model, which of these could explain what Noah did with the cookies?

- F** He put  $(48 \div 8)$  cookies into each of the 8 bags and ate  $(2 \times 6)$  of the cookies.
- G** He put  $(48 \div 6)$  cookies into each of the 8 bags and ate  $(2 \times 8)$  of the cookies.
- H** He put  $(48 - 6)$  cookies into each of the 8 bags and ate  $(2 \times 6)$  of the cookies.
- J** He put  $(48 \times 6)$  cookies into each of the 8 bags and ate  $(2 + 6)$  of the cookies.

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Represent
<b>Using or Including</b>	Pictorial Models
<b>Concept</b>	Two-Step
<b>Process TEKS</b>	3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1G

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**TEKS 3.5B Readiness Standard**

represent and solve one- and two-step multiplication and division problems within 100 using arrays, strip diagrams, and equations

**ITEM**

**2** A band plays 8 songs at every show. Last year the band had 8 shows.

Which model can be used to find the number of songs the band played at shows last year?

**F** 

**H** 

**G** 

**J** 

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Represent
<b>Using or Including</b>	Arrays
<b>Concept</b>	One-Step Multiplication
<b>Process TEKS</b>	3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1F

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**TEKS 3.5C Supporting Standard**

describe a multiplication expression as a comparison such as 3 x 24 represents 3 times as much as 24;

**ITEM**

**20** Hakeem received 13 phone calls on Tuesday. This expression can be used to show the number of phone calls he received on Saturday.

$$13 \times 4$$

Which statement is true?

**F** Hakeem received 4 more phones calls on Saturday then he received on Tuesday.

**G** Hakeem received 4 more phones calls on Tuesday then he received on Saturday.

**H** Hakeem received 4 times as many phones calls on Saturday then he received on Tuesday.

**J** Hakeem received 4 times as many phones calls on Tuesday then he received on Saturday.

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Describe
<b>Using or Including</b>	Comparison
<b>Concept</b>	Multiplication Expression
<b>Process TEKS</b>	3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1G

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**TEKS 3.5D Supporting Standard**  
determine the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division equation relating three whole numbers when the unknown is either a missing factor or product

**ITEM**

**10** What number goes in the  to make the equation true?

$$\text{□} \div 11 = 9$$

- F 99
- G 91
- H 20
- J 2

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Determine
<b>Using or Including</b>	Factor
<b>Concept</b>	Equation
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>

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**TEKS 3.5E Readiness Standard**

represent real-world relationships using number pairs in a table and verbal descriptions

**ITEM**

**7** The table shows the relationship between the number of toy airplanes made in a factory and the number of batteries needed for the airplanes.

Batteries for Toy Airplanes

Number of Toy Airplanes	5	7	9	11	13	15
Number of Batteries	15	21	27	33	39	45

Based on the relationship shown in the table, which statement is true?

- A The number of batteries is equal to the number of toy airplanes times 3.
- B The number of batteries is equal to the number of toy airplanes times 2.
- C The number of batteries is equal to the number of toy airplanes times 6.
- D The number of batteries is equal to the number of toy airplanes times 5.

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Represent
<b>Using or Including</b>	Table
<b>Concept</b>	Number Pairs
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1F</b>

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**TEKS 3.5E Readiness Standard**

represent real-world relationships using number pairs in a table and verbal descriptions

**ITEM**

**18** A store is having a sale on books. The sale price of each book is \$6 less than the regular price. Which table shows prices of different books at this store?

Book Sale

**F**

Regular Price	\$12	\$19	\$26	\$33
Sale Price	\$18	\$25	\$32	\$39

Book Sale

**G**

Regular Price	\$18	\$25	\$32	\$39
Sale Price	\$12	\$19	\$26	\$33

Book Sale

**H**

Regular Price	\$36	\$30	\$24	\$18
Sale Price	\$34	\$28	\$22	\$16

Book Sale

**J**

Regular Price	\$36	\$30	\$24	\$18
Sale Price	\$6	\$5	\$4	\$3

**Item Analysis**

**Verb** Represent

**Using or Including** Table

**Concept** Number Pairs

**Process TEKS** 3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1F

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**Item Analysis**

**Verb**

**Using or Including**

**Concept**

**Process TEKS**

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**TEKS 3.6A Readiness Standard**

classify and sort two- and three-dimensional figures, including cones, cylinders, spheres, triangular and rectangular prisms, and cubes, based on attributes using formal geometric language

**ITEM**

**19** Dominique put figures into groups based on certain attributes. Sometimes she put figures into more than one groups.

Dominique's Figures

Group	Attribute
1	Has all sides congruent
2	Has exactly 4 sides
3	Is a polygon

Which statement is true?

- A** A square could be put into all the groups.
- B** A triangle could be put in all the groups.
- C** A rectangle could be put into Groups 1 and 2 only.
- D** A pentagon could be put into Group 1 only.

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Classify
<b>Using or Including</b>	Square, Triangle, Rectangle, Pentagon
<b>Concept</b>	Formal Geometric Language
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1G</b>

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**TEKS 3.6B Supporting Standard**

use attributes to recognize rhombuses, parallelograms, trapezoids, rectangles, and squares as examples of quadrilaterals and draw examples of quadrilaterals that do not belong to any of these subcategories

**ITEM**

**9** The figures shown can be sorted into groups.



Which list shows a correct way to group the figures?

- A** 2 prisms, 1 cone, 2 cylinders, and 1 pyramid
- B** 3 prisms, 1 cones, and 2 cylinders
- C** 2 prisms, 2 cylinder, 1 sphere, and 1 cube
- D** 3 prisms, 1 cylinder, and 2 cones

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Use
<b>Using or Including</b>	Prisms, Cones, Cylinders
<b>Concept</b>	Attributes
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>

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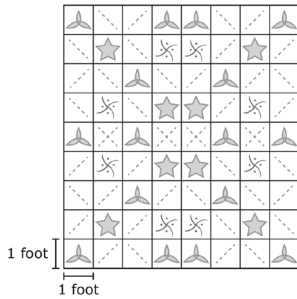
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**TEKS 3.6C Readiness Standard**

determine the area of rectangles with whole number side lengths in problems using multiplication related to the number of rows times the number of unit squares in each row

**ITEM**

**32** Maria put cloth squares together to make a blanket. The blanket is modeled by this rectangle.



What is the area of the blanket in square feet?

- F** 17 square feet
- G** 34 square feet
- H** 72 square feet
- J** 63 square feet

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Determine
<b>Using or Including</b>	Multiplication
<b>Concept</b>	Area of Rectangles
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>

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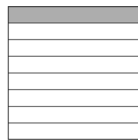
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**TEKS 3.6E Supporting Standard**

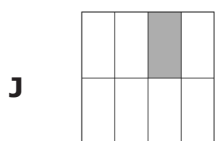
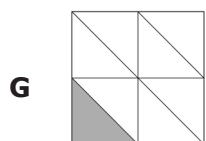
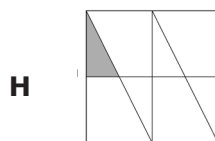
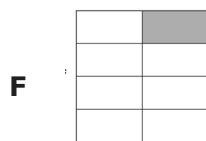
decompose two congruent two-dimensional figures into parts with equal areas and express the area of each part as a unit fraction of the whole and recognize that equal shares of identical wholes need not have the same shape.

**ITEM**

**26** Kailani drew four congruent squares. She shaded the same fraction of each square. This is one of Kailani's squares.



Which square CANNOT be another one of Kailani's squares?



**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Decompose
<b>Using or Including</b>	Unit Fractions
<b>Concept</b>	Equal Shares
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1G</b>

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**TEKS 3.7B Readiness Standard**

determine the perimeter of a polygon or a missing length when given perimeter and remaining side lengths in problems

**ITEM**

**3** Gretchen made this table to show the side lengths and perimeters of three figures.

Gretchen's Figures

Figure	Side Lengths (yards)	Perimeter (yards)
Square	6, 6, 6, 6	24
Triangle	4, 7, 8	19
Rectangle	4, 8, 4, 8	32

What mistakes, if any, did Gretchen make?

- A** The perimeter of the rectangle should be 24 yards.
- B** The perimeter of the square should be 36 yards.
- C** The perimeter of the triangle should be 20 yards.
- D** Gretchen did not make any mistakes in the table.

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Determine
<b>Using or Including</b>	NA
<b>Concept</b>	Perimeter
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1C, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>

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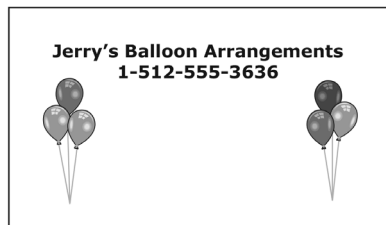
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**TEKS 3.7B Readiness Standard**

determine the perimeter of a polygon or a missing length when given perimeter and remaining side lengths in problems

**ITEM**

**13** A rectangular business card is shown. Use the ruler provided to measure the length and width of the business card to the nearest centimeter.



Which measurement is closed to the perimeter of the business card in centimeters?

- A** 14 cm
- B** 28 cm
- C** 45 cm
- D** 32 cm

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Determine
<b>Using or Including</b>	NA
<b>Concept</b>	Side Lengths
<b>Process TEKS</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1C, 3.1F</b>

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**TEKS 3.7D Supporting Standard**  
determine when it is appropriate to use measurements of liquid volume (capacity) or weight;

**ITEM**

**17** A container of liquid laundry detergent at a grocery store is marked with the volume of detergent inside. Which unit of measurement could be marked on the container?

- A Kilograms
- B Meters
- C Pounds
- D Liters

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Determine
<b>Using or Including</b>	NA
<b>Concept</b>	Liquid Volume
<b>Process TEKS</b>	3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1F

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**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	
<b>Using or Including</b>	
<b>Concept</b>	
<b>Process TEKS</b>	

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**TEKS 3.8B Supporting Standard**

solve one- and two-step problems using categorical data represented with a frequency table, dot plot, pictograph, or bar graph with scaled intervals

**ITEM**

**24** The frequency table shows the number of points scored by each player on a basketball team during a game.

Points Scored

Player	Tally
Stephen	
Alfred	
Kenji	
Pete	
Eric	
Wesley	
Hayes	

What is the combined number of points scored by Stephen, Alfred, Pete, and Wesley?

Record your answer and fill in the bubbles on your answer document. Be sure to use the correct place value.

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Solve
<b>Using or Including</b>	Frequency Table
<b>Concept</b>	Set of Data
<b>Process TEKS</b>	3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F

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**TEKS 3.9A Supporting Standard**

explain the connection between human capital/labor and income

**ITEM**

**1** Nina works for a restaurant. The restaurant pays her every week for the work she does. Some weeks she works more hours than other weeks.

Which statement is most likely true?

- A** When Nina works fewer hours, she earns more income from the restaurant.
- B** When Nina works more hours, she earns more income from the restaurant.
- C** When Nina works more hours, the restaurant gets less labor from her.
- D** When Nina works fewer hours, the restaurant gets more labor from her.

**Item Analysis**

<b>Verb</b>	Explain
<b>Using or Including</b>	Connection
<b>Concept</b>	Labor and Income
<b>Process TEKS</b>	3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1F

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**Category 1**  
**Numerical Representations and Relationships**  
**8 Total Questions**

<b>TEKS</b>	<b>Item</b>	<b>Correct Answer</b>	<b>Process TEKS</b>
3.2A compose and decompose numbers up to 100,000 as a sum of so many ten thousands, so many thousands, so many hundreds, so many tens, and so many ones using objects, pictorial models, and numbers, including expanded notation as appropriate	<b>21</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>3.1B, 3.1F</b>
3.2B describe the mathematical relationships found in the base-10 place value system through the hundred thousands place	<b>NT</b>		
3.2C represent a number on a number line as being between two consecutive multiples of 10; 100; 1,000; or 10,000 and use words to describe relative size of numbers in order to round whole numbers	<b>4</b>	<b>H</b>	<b>3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1G</b>
3.2D compare and order whole numbers up to 100,000 and represent comparisons using the symbols $>$ , $<$ , or $=$	<b>31</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1G</b>
3.3A represent fractions greater than zero and less than or equal to one with denominators of 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8 using concrete objects and pictorial models, including strip diagrams and number lines	<b>NT</b>		
3.3B determine the corresponding fraction greater than zero and less than or equal to one with denominators of 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8 given a specified point on a number line	<b>NT</b>		
3.3C explain that the unit fraction $1/b$ represents the quantity formed by one part of a whole that has been partitioned into $b$ equal parts where $b$ is a non-zero whole number	<b>NT</b>		
3.3D compose and decompose a fraction $a/b$ with a numerator greater than zero and less than or equal to $b$ as a sum of parts $1/b$	<b>23</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>
3.3E solve problems involving partitioning an object or a set of objects among two or more recipients using pictorial representations of fractions with denominators of 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8	<b>15</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>
3.3F represent equivalent fractions with denominators of 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8 using a variety of objects and pictorial models, including number lines	<b>8</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>
3.3G explain that two fractions are equivalent if and only if they are both represented by the same point on the number line or represent the same portion of a same size whole for an area model	<b>NT</b>		
3.3H compare two fractions having the same numerator or denominator in problems by reasoning about their sizes and justifying the conclusion using symbols, words, objects, and pictorial models	<b>6</b>	<b>G</b>	<b>3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>
	<b>28</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1G</b>
3.4I determine if a number is even or odd using divisibility rules	<b>NT</b>		
3.7A represent fractions of halves, fourths, and eighths as distances from zero on a number line	<b>NT</b>		

Shaded - Readiness TEKS, NT - Not Tested  
 Readiness TEKS - 5/8 questions

**Category 2**  
**Computations and Algebraic Relationships**  
**13 Total Questions**

<b>TEKS</b>	<b>Item</b>	<b>Correct Answer</b>	<b>Process TEKS</b>
3.4A solve with fluency one-step and two-step problems involving addition and subtraction within 1,000 using strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and the relationship between addition and subtraction	<b>14</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1F</b>
	<b>27</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1F</b>
3.4B round to the nearest 10 or 100 or use compatible numbers to estimate solutions to addition and subtraction problems	<b>NT</b>		
3.4D determine the total number of objects when equally sized groups of objects are combined or arranged in arrays up to 10 by 10	<b>NT</b>		
3.4E represent multiplication facts by using a variety of approaches such as repeated addition, equal-sized groups, arrays, area models, equal jumps on a number line, and skip counting	<b>25</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>
3.4F recall facts to multiply up to 10 by 10 with automaticity and recall the corresponding division facts	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1F</b>
3.4G use strategies and algorithms, including the standard algorithm, to multiply a two-digit number by a one digit number. Strategies may include mental math, partial products, and the commutative, associative, and distributive properties	<b>NT</b>		
3.4H determine the number of objects in each group when a set of objects is partitioned into equal shares or a set of objects is shared equally	<b>NT</b>		
3.4J determine a quotient using the relationship between multiplication and division	<b>NT</b>		
3.4K solve one-step and two-step problems involving multiplication and division within 100 using strategies based on objects; pictorial models, including arrays, area models, and equal groups; properties of operations; or recall of facts	<b>16</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1F</b>
3.5A represent one- and two-step problems involving addition and subtraction of whole numbers to 1,000 using pictorial models, number lines, and equations	<b>12</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1F</b>
	<b>30</b>	<b>G</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1F</b>
3.5B represent and solve one- and two-step multiplication and division problems within 100 using arrays, strip diagrams, and equations	<b>2</b>	<b>J</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1F</b>
	<b>22</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1G</b>
3.5C describe a multiplication expression as a comparison such as $3 \times 24$ represents 3 times as much as 24	<b>20</b>	<b>H</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1G</b>
3.5D determine the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division equation relating three whole numbers when the unknown is either a missing factor or product	<b>10</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>
3.5E represent real-world relationships using number pairs in a table and verbal descriptions	<b>7</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1F</b>
	<b>18</b>	<b>G</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1F</b>

Shaded - Readiness TEKS, NT - Not Tested  
 Readiness TEKS - 9/13 questions

**Category 3**  
**Geometry and Measurement**  
**7 Total Questions**

<b>TEKS</b>	<b>Item</b>	<b>Correct Answer</b>	<b>Notes</b>
3.6A classify and sort two- and three-dimensional figures, including cones, cylinders, spheres, triangular and rectangular prisms, and cubes, based on attributes using formal geometric language	<b>19</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1G</b>
3.6B use attributes to recognize rhombuses, parallelograms, trapezoids, rectangles, and squares as examples of quadrilaterals and draw examples of quadrilaterals that do not belong to any of these subcategories	<b>9</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>
3.6C determine the area of rectangles with whole number side lengths in problems using multiplication related to the number of rows times the number of unit squares in each row	<b>32</b>	<b>H</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>
3.6D decompose composite figures formed by rectangles into non-overlapping rectangles to determine the area of the original figure using the additive property of area	<b>NT</b>		
3.6E decompose two congruent two-dimensional figures into parts with equal areas and express the area of each part as a unit fraction of the whole and recognize that equal shares of identical wholes need not have the same shape	<b>26</b>	<b>H</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1C, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>
3.7B determine the perimeter of a polygon or a missing length when given perimeter and remaining side lengths in problems	<b>3</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1C, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>
	<b>13</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1C, 3.1E, 3.1F</b>
3.7C determine the solutions to problems involving addition and subtraction of time intervals in minutes using pictorial models or tools such as a 15-minute event plus a 30-minute event equals 45 minutes	<b>NT</b>		
3.7D determine when it is appropriate to use measurements of liquid volume (capacity) or weight	<b>17</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1F</b>
3.7E determine liquid volume (capacity) or weight using appropriate units and tools	<b>NT</b>		

Shaded - Readiness TEKS, NT - Not Tested  
 Readiness TEKS - 4/7 questions

**Category 4**  
**Data Analysis and Personal Finance**  
**4 Total Questions**

<b>TEKS</b>	<b>Item</b>	<b>Correct Answer</b>	<b>Notes</b>
3.4C determine the value of a collection of coins and bills	<b>NT</b>		
3.8A summarize a data set with multiple categories using a frequency table, dot plot, pictograph, or bar graph with scaled intervals	<b>11</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1F</b>
	<b>29</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1D, 3.1F</b>
3.8B solve one- and two-step problems using categorical data represented with a frequency table, dot plot, pictograph, or bar graph with scaled intervals	<b>24</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1F</b>
3.9A explain the connection between human capital/labor and income	<b>1</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>3.1A, 3.1B, 3.1G</b>
3.9B describe the relationship between the availability or scarcity of resources and how that impacts cost	<b>NT</b>		
3.9D explain that credit is used when wants or needs exceed the ability to pay and that it is the borrower's responsibility to pay it back to the lender, usually with interest	<b>NT</b>		
3.9E list reasons to save and explain the benefit of a savings plan, including for college	<b>NT</b>		

Shaded - Readiness TEKS, NT - Not Tested

Readiness TEKS - 2/4 questions